

GREATEST FLOOD IN LATE HISTORY

Eight Persons Drowned and 7,000 More Homeless.

MILLIONS IN PROPERTY LOSS

Levee Above Cairo, Ill., Gives Way to Sweeping Waters and Factories, Houses, Lumber Yards, Etc., are Borne Away.

St. Louis, April 5.—Seven thousand people homeless, nearly 10,000 more fleeing their homes or preparing for instant flight, eight persons drowned, a property loss extending into the tens of millions, dozens of cities up and down the river under water or menaced, and levees giving way before the pressure of the vast wastes of water like cardboard, briefly tell the story of the greatest flood in late history.

Everywhere a grim and determined fight against the great "father of waters" is being waged. Millions of bags of sand and dirt are being used to strengthen levees, long since weakened by the pressure of the flood and by long continued rains. Everywhere in the entire water-swept valley men are working with but one idea or purpose that of staying off impending breaks that would sweep away homes and perhaps lives. In the wake of the flood is the grim spectacle of pestilence which may result from the overflow when the waters recede.

The five-day fight of the people of Cairo to save the Cairo drainage district ended in a complete rout and all hope of saving the industrial and agricultural district of 8,000 acres just north of that city was abandoned. In place of beautiful alfalfa fields and fine manufacturing plants there is a sea of turbid water. The break in the Mobile and Ohio embankment was the beginning of the end.

Water ran through the crevasse all day, but hope was entertained until late in the afternoon of stopping the flow at the Illinois Central right of way. About 2 p. m. a fresh break occurred in the Big Four embankment near the plant of the Pioneer Pole and Shaft company. With a rush the water swept in, hurling houses and lumber piles before them. All along a five-mile stretch of levee from the Illinois Central bridge to Cacho river, the water was up to the very top of the levee. There was nothing to build on and no hope whatever of checking the flow. Hundreds of workers were strung along this levee. They were hastily rushed back into the city for fear that they would be caught between the breaks and drowned. At the plants of the Chicago Mill and Lumber company and the West Peterson Box company men were put to work in a desperate effort to remove the lumber material before it was washed away.

Reports from Arkansas towns back of the St. Francis levee, across the river from Memphis, state that many of them are partly flooded from backwater in the inland streams. The St. Francis levee protects an area as large as the state of Delaware and 500,000 people. Thousands have fled to the hills.

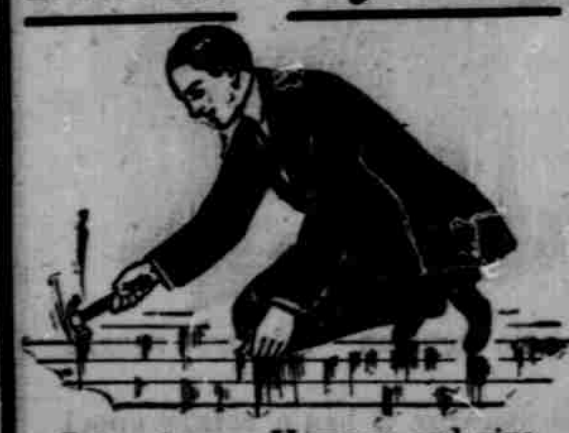
The Ohio and Wabash rivers in Indiana, already racing over their levees in many places, have not yet reached their highest mark. The weather observer at Evansville, Ind., predicts the crest will be reached next Tuesday. Most of the levees are strained to the breaking point now, and can never hold out with a continued rise until next Tuesday. In some places the Wabash river is fifteen miles wide and considerable live stock has been lost. It is estimated that losses from the flood along the lower Ohio will be the greatest since 1884.

Terre Haute reports the Wabash is the highest there since the disastrous flood of 1884 and that the people are on the move for safer localities.

The arrival at Charleston, Mo., of mail by boat from Belmont, Mo., brings tidings that the latter town has been wiped off the face of the earth and the citizens holed in a house boat where the post office is doing business. Loss in property and live stock is beyond estimate and many have lost the savings of a lifetime. It is feared also many lives have been lost in this section.

At Hickman, Ky., flood conditions are worse than ever, with hundreds of flood refugees pouring into town from Missouri and Kentucky. Water is running over the government levee, the last block of the main business district was under water, and looting in West Hickman added to the seriousness of the problem with which the authorities are confronted.

Knock Kyanize



Get out your Hammer and give Kyanize FLOOR FINISH a good pounding. We ask you to do it. Then you'll know why so many people use it to wearproof their floors, inside and outside glass doors. It looks better and wears longer than any other floor finish made. We warrant this with a money-back guarantee if it doesn't prove all we claim.

F. C. DEITSCH

List of Allowances.

Made by the Board of Commissioners of Marshall county, Indiana, at their regular February Term, 1912.

J. W. Falconbury, sheriff salary	\$237.15
George W. Bowen, truant officer per diem	4.00
Ed. S. Kitch, clerk salary	600.00
Ed. S. Kitch, clerk postage	5.00
Wm. B. Burford, officers supplies	606.03
Geo. F. McCoy, auditor salary	750.00
Geo. F. McCoy auditor postage	3.00
Geo. A. Maxey, treas. salary	575.00
Geo. A. Maxey, treas. postage	10.00
Geo. A. Maxey, treas. fees	3.14
Ed. R. Monroe, recorder salary and postage	491.90
Tribune Ptg. Co. record expense	6.75
Ed. R. Monroe, recorder ex salary	9.75
J. W. Falconbury, sheriff salary	361.45
J. W. Falconbury, sheriff fees and per diem	48.80
J. W. Falconbury, sheriff expense	5.00
James S. Salyard, Surveyor per diem and office ex.	189.50
Louis E. Steinebach Supt salary	108.00
Louis E. Steinebach, Supt ex	6.18
Trav ex	4.05
Geo. W. Smith, Assessor Sal and expense	217.50
L. D. Eley, Health Commissioner salary	90.66
James B. Severns Com sal.	75.00
Andrew J. Thayer, com sal.	75.00
Geo. P. Morlock, com salary	75.00
Geo. W. Bowen, truant of salary	40.00
John W. Luty, Bourbon tp poor	26.17
J. R. Losey, court house rep	21.00
Geo. Emenaker, court house repair	6.14
John Vogel, court house janitor	37.50
Charles J. Eich, court house expense	3.00
C. D. Knoeberger, C. H. and jail expense	24.60
Charles J. Eich, jail exp.	4.30
Geo. Emenaker, jail exp.	5.50
C. R. Leonard, jail supplies	28.80
Chas. J. Eich, asylum rep.	36.62
Thomas J. Himes, asylum rep	2.00
Bessie Richeson, asylum labor	22.13
Mary Tenney, same	22.13
Emma Boss, same	22.13
Elemer Richeson, same	22.50
Fred Cannon, same	20.00
Olmstead Vanactor, asyl supplies	60.00
Wm. Fries, same	12.60
Dietrich & Co., same	39.90
O'Keefe Lumber Co., same	147.48
Isaac Anderson, same	2.00
C. C. Bunnell & Son, same	16.75
C. R. Leonard, same	16.75
Julia E. Work, orphan board	414.05
O. L. Grossman, soldier burial	50.00
C. W. Metsker, printing	10.24
Lauer & Son, indigent child	17.90
Walter Miller, bounty	2.00
John Richards, Center poor	368.90
John L. Marburger, German tp poor	36.25
Frank S. Nash, Polk tp poor	28.14
J. W. Falconbury, prisoners board	153.55
W. S. Easterday, Union tp poor	9.37
Jonathan Wolfe, West tp poor	42.85
Charles A. Gonter, North tp poor	17.00
Witness my hand and seal this 4th day of April, 1912.	
Geo. F. McCoy, Auditor Marshall County.	

LAPAZ COMMENCEMENT.

Five High School Diplomas Given Friday Night—Address By Thos. H. Huhn.

The annual commencement of the Lapaz High school was given in the M. E. church Friday evening, April 5, 1912.

The weather being delightful the house was crowded with an appreciative audience.

The music was furnished by the Tanner orchestra of Plymouth and was excellent.

The program was as follows: March Invocation Rev. N. Gilliland Music.....Orchestra Class History.....Nellie Warren Music.....Orchestra Lecture....."The Golden Age of Man" Hon. Thos. H. Huhn Music.....Orchestra Valedictory.....Edgar Hoover Presentation of Class.....J. L. Austin Presentation of Diplomas.....Supt. L. E. Steinebach Music.....Orchestra Benediction.....Rev. N. Gilliland Prof. Kuhn's address was quite lengthy but interesting and well received.

This year's class is small being as follows: Nellie Warren, Edgar Hoover, Flossie Davenport, George Waner and Earl Thayer.

A sad feature of the commencement was the sickness of one of the graduates, Nellie Warren who arose from a sick bed determined upon being present but the task was too great and becoming worse she had to be carried from the church.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

LIBERALS TELL WHY THEY REBEL

Mexicans in Washington Free Documentary Broadside.

SAY MADERO IS IMPRACTICAL

Claim Also that Present President Has Violated Free Ballot, Appointed Relatives to Office and Almost Bankrupted Nation.

New York, April 5.—The real trouble in Mexico and the reasons for the present revolt are set forth in detail in a statement made public by the three Mexicans who are up here to tell the people of the United States all about it.

It was signed by Manuel L. Lunn, minister plenipotentiary from General Orozco, the revolutionary leader. He said it was given out on the authority of the general himself.

"The present revolution is merely a continuance of the one which began when the rule of Diaz became unbearable."

"At that time President Madero seized the opportunity to take upon himself the entire burden of the uprising. It is not true that he was called by the people. He was accepted as the leader of the movement because no one else came forward. Less than a month after Madero assumed leadership it was found that he was not only visionary and impractical, but lacked the fundamental qualities of leadership and in addition was working for his own selfish purposes. "But what could they do. To have repudiated him would have been fatal to the cause. As your Lincoln said 'we could not swap horses while crossing the stream.'"

"Had not President Madero in opposition to the plans of the revolution, a party compelled congress by threats of force to call for an election earlier than was originally planned, he would never have been elected president."

"From the first he violated his promises and the principles for which he and the revolutionists had been fighting. By what was almost his first official act he violated the very thing which we thought we had won, the sanctity of the free ballot. By threats and violence he forced into office men unknown to Mexico and who were mere tools in his hands. Members of his family received positions. The present head of the government party is Gustavo Madero, the president's brother, the minister of finance is his uncle, the head of the department of mines and agriculture is his first cousin."

"When Diaz left office there was \$32,000,000 in the treasury, all of which has been wasted by Madero. Gustavo Madero got \$700,000 for alleged expenses in the campaign without making an accounting. And now \$3,500,000 is about to be paid for land which is not worth half that amount. "Madero has achieved all but the complete ruin of Mexico."

The rest of the statement deals with the reforms which the revolutionists will try to effect if their cause is successful. The last thing they want is an intervention on the part of any foreign nation and they say they will try to remove the cause for such. They had nothing to say concerning Magdalena bay.

INWOOD JUNK DEALER FOUND DEAD IN BED

JOHN TAG LIVING NEAR INWOOD FOUND DEAD SATURDAY, LIVED ALONE AND BOUGHT AND SOLD IRON AND RAGS.

Noah Goodyear was the last person who saw the man alive, or that is known to have talked to him. He complained of not feeling well, and asked Mr. Goodyear to come and see him. He had often complained of being sick, but as Mr. Goodyear was busy, and the school entertainment was coming off, and he was interested there, he did not think much about Mr. Tag, intending to see him later.

Not seeing him about in the morning, he went to the house, and saw him in bed apparently asleep. Later on when he did not get up and stir about the house and attend to his horse, neighbors forced the door open and found him dead.

He was a man of about fifty years of age, and lived alone, gathering up old iron and selling it. He kept an old horse and went about by himself. He was sociable with people, but was thought to be queer by many people who knew him. He had the appearance of being poor, but it is said that he told on one occasion of having several hundred dollars he could lay his hand on any time, and that he did not have to work unless he chose to do so. Others say that not long since he exhibited a large roll of bills. However, little is known of this, and the coroner will have charge of the affair until it is known if he had anything aside from his horse and buggy and household belongings.

Mrs. E. F. Schultz, Fort Wayne, Ind., says "I suffered severely with kidney trouble, the pains in my back were almost unbearable and the kidney action was irregular and painful. I took Foley Kidney Pills and in a short time I was completely cured." Fred Wenzler.

Handles National In Every Speedway Race



DON HERR.

One of the youngest drivers who will contest in the second annual 500-mile International Sweepstakes is Don Herr who will be at the wheel of one of the big blue-bonneted National racing cars. Herr will be a teammate of Wilcox and Merz, who have been on the National racing team for the past three years and have been the winners of more events than any other combination of cars and pilots.

SPEED KING TO APPEAR

"WILD BOB" BURMAN WILL DRIVE BIG CAR IN 500-MILE RACE.

Cutting Racer Comes Close to Limit of Power Allowed Starters in Memorial Day Event at Indianapolis.

Definite confirmation of the rumor that "Wild Bob" Burman, the world's speed king, will be seen at the wheel of a Cutting car in the second annual 500-mile International Sweepstakes race, has been received at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway in the form of an entry of the car and the nomination of Burman as driver. For some time it has been understood that the speed monarch would pilot a Cutting machine, but no definite entry had been made until recently.

Burman is probably more in the public eye than any other racing driver, because of his succession to the throne of speed king and his holding of the world's straightaway records made at Daytona, Florida. He has been a contender in most of the great motor events in the past four or five years and has always figured more or less prominently.

The entry of the Cutting car, with Burman named as driver, means that he will devote the next two months of his time to preparing the car and testing it out over the motor speedway course. He probably will do very little exhibition driving or mile track racing in the meantime.

Harry Goetz, who was the mechanic for Ray Harroun, winner of the last 500-mile race in a Marmon car, has gone with Burman and is helping him in the building of his special racing car. Goetz is one of the most skilled mechanics in the country and Burman looks to him to aid materially in the success of his next appearance in a big race.

The car which Burman will drive is a 1912 special model, weighing 2,300 pounds, which is 300 pounds above the minimum weight allowed in the race. The motor has four cylinders with a bore of five and seven thirty-seconds inches, and a piston stroke of seven inches, giving a piston displacement of 597.9 cubic inches. It is believed that the motor will develop about one hundred horse-power, and it probably will be about the largest in the race. The motor is specially built to come just within the six hundred cubic inch limit set upon the contest by the Speedway management.

The other entries to the race are two Stutz cars, to be driven by Gil Anderson and Len Zengle, with Billy Knipper as relief; two Nationals with Don Herr, Howard Wilcox and Charley Merz named as drivers; two Case cars with Harvey Herrick and Louis Disbrow nominated as regular drivers; two Mercedes cars with Ralph De Palma and Spencer Wishart at the wheels; one Fiat to be driven by Teddy Tetzlaff; a Simplex with Bert Dingley to drive and a Lexington to be piloted by Harry Knight.

Ralph Mulford has purchased a six-cylinder Knox which he will drive in the race, although his entry has not formally been made. This early field of starters is considered the cream of driving and racing talent of the country, and means that the former record of 74.61 miles per hour established for the 500 miles is certain to fall in the next Memorial Day contest.

The early seat and hotel reservations which have been made indicate that the crowd will be greater than that which witnessed last year's event. The throng which witnessed the last 500-mile race was the largest that ever passed into any one enclosure to attend a sporting contest of any description.

Saves Leg of Boy.

"It seemed that my 14 year old boy would have to lose his leg, on account of an ugly ulcer, caused by a bad bruise," wrote D. F. Howard, Aquone, N. C. "All remedies and doctors treatment failed till we tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and cured him with one box." Cures burns, boils, skin eruptions, piles. 25c at L. Tanner's and Fred Wenzler's.

TAFT INSISTS ON AID TO FARMERS

Says Department of Agriculture Work Must Go On.

LABORS FOR CONSERVATION.

Far-reaching Legislation Administered by Scientists of Rank Brings Good Results to Tillers of Soil—Food and Drugs Act Upheld to the Letter.

In his inaugural address President Taft called attention to the deficit then existing in the revenues and the consequent necessity for rigid economy in expenditures. However, the president singled out the department of agriculture as an exception. He said, to quote his exact words, "In the department of agriculture the use of scientific experiments on a large scale, and the spread of information derived from them for the improvement of general agriculture must go on." This view the president has steadily maintained, and repeatedly has urged appropriations for the work of the department.

In his comprehensive message on conservation President Taft said, "The feature that transcends all others, including woods, waters, minerals, is the soil of the country," and that all means at the government's disposal should be used to conserve the soil, adding, "A work of the utmost importance to inform and instruct the public on this chief branch of the conservation of our resources is being carried on successfully in the department of agriculture."

Reports made recently to Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture by the heads of his bureaus justify this solicitude on the part of the president for the department. In calling for these reports the secretary asked that they be brief and that they mention notable achievements of the last five years only, inasmuch as that period is really the period of fruition in the department, the period during which, owing to the broad foundations previously laid by the training and grouping of many corps of scientific men, by securing far-reaching legislation, by gathering together masses of statistics and other information, by providing scientific and other equipment, it has been possible to produce most marvelous results for the common good of the people.

Taft For Conservation.

In his conservation message President Taft emphasized the importance of the maintenance of the forests and urged their scientific treatment "so that they shall be made to yield a large return in timber without really reducing the supply," and in other messages he pointed out the necessity of reforestation. In accordance with these views much available work has been done in protecting the national forests and by researches in the laboratory of the department at Madison, Wis., and in the past five years the work of reforestation has been carried on at the rate of 15,000 to 30,000 acres a year. The department takes justifiable pride in its forest work, considering the administration of 100,000,000 acres of land protected and managed for the public benefit a great achievement.

Since Jan. 1, 1907, when the food and drugs act went into effect, more has been done to provide a good, clean food supply than in all the preceding life of the nation. A wonderful change has also been effected in the character of the drugs on sale. The department has a trained force of inspectors and chemists doing excellent work in all parts of the country in behalf of pure foods and pure drugs. This salutary law, however, needs amendment, as the supreme court held in May, 1911, that its provisions, to quote President Taft's words in his vigorous message to congress a month later, "Do not cover the knowingly false labeling of nostrums as to curative effect." The president added: "An evil which menaces the general health of the people strikes at the life of the nation. In my opinion the sale of dangerously adulterated drugs . . . constitutes such an evil and warrants me in calling the matter to the attention of the congress."

Work of Soil Mapping. Of importance to the farmer has been the work carried on in the past five years of soil mapping and classification, so that now the area included is 407,000 square miles, or nearly 41,000,000 acres. The value of this work is incalculable.

Disseminating the valuable information acquired by the department has proved a wonderful work. Practically 200,000,000 publications have been distributed since Secretary Wilson assumed control of the department, and more than half (103,598,100) of that number have been distributed within the past five years.

Other work accomplished by the department includes a comprehensive system of weather warnings and forecasts, the meat inspection service in which 2,500 experts are employed, who see that every pound of meat sent interstate is fit for human food, protection of live stock, the checking of rodent pests, the destruction of noxious insects, the conservation of water supplies, the building and care of public roads and the policy for better farm houses, so that every dollar expended in the prosecution of this work in its numerous phases has brought back a hundred fold to the people.

Fortunes In Faces.

There's often much truth in the saying "her face is her fortune," but it's never said where pimples, skin eruptions, blotches, or other blemishes disfigure it. Impure blood is back of them all, and shows the need of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They promote health and beauty. Try them. 25 cents at L. Tanner's and Fred Wenzler's.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

Where the finest biscuit, cake, hot-breads, crusts or puddings are required Royal is indispensable.

Royal is equally valuable in the preparation of plain, substantial, every-day foods, for all occasions.

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum—No Lime Phosphates

CITY COUNCIL VISITS MISHAWAKA FIRE DEPT.

MAYOR, COMMITTEE OF THE COUNCIL, FIRE CHIEF AND EXPERT MECHANIC TAKE TRIP TO SEE MOTOR FIRE TRUCK.

Wednesday afternoon Mayor J. B. Bowen, Councilmen Farmwald, Underwood and McCrory, with Chief F. H. Kuhn and Ed. Hollingshead as expert mechanic, on invitation of Chief Busse of Mishawaka, visited that city, and were shown the motor fire truck that has been in service there for nearly a year.

The truck is of the American-LaFrance make, the same as was illustrated at the last regular meeting of the Council. At that time the agent desired to exhibit a truck for the benefit of the Council, but it was thought that it would be wiser to get right away from the talk of any agent, go and see the machine in actual service, where it could be quietly gone over by a mechanic, measurements taken, and tests made, that would be more what the Council really wanted to know.

Chief Busse and his men were most courteous. Perhaps not more so than firemen are the world over, but they gave themselves over to showing their guests the quarters they have to live in, the apparatus they have to work with, and all the details of the life they live. They are a fine body of men, there being twelve men besides the Chief, and two stations. They have the Gamewell Alarm system, and it was explained that the large factories of that city are so connected with the fire station, that the man who discovers a fire anywhere about their works, does not have to run to the office, or to some city box to give the alarm, but at various places about the works is placed electric appliances which when set going, not only give the signal for fire, but actually open the doors at the station, release the horses that take the big hook and ladder truck, and clear the way for the immediate start of the apparatus. Their city alarm system has thirty alarm boxes in various sections.

At each of the two fire stations the men set the gongs going, and the fire horses came tearing out to be hitched up, and in a second or two were ready for the start. Besides the horse draw apparatus, was the Motor truck, which is the main reliance in cases of need. It is fitted with all the appliances that go with a modern fire department, including the chemical tank and hose. It carried twelve hundred feet of hose, and with five men to work the various appliances, all trained, makes a very efficient force. The committee found that the machine was perfect, in that it was up to the claims made by the printed matter of the manufacturers Mr. Hollingshead went through the mechanical make-up of the truck, and declares that it will develop more than the 60 horse power claimed. The work and material he found to be first class in every way. In order to know of the ability of the truck to stand severe service, Chief Busse got in the driver's seat, and with two of his men, and the six of the committee, an exhibition was given that certainly demonstrated the power and strength of the machine.

Smooth pavements of course were easy, even the steep inclines were taken with no effort. Suddenly turning to a side street Chief Busse stopped, and they were at the foot of a steep hill of loose sand.

It led up for two squares, and was a place that no teamster would think of attempting to draw a wagon, let alone a heavy load. From standing still the machine was started, and without a "knock" of any sort went up that sand hill, leaving a track that looked like two plow furrows. Along a stretch of soft spongy, spring time road, the powerful motor carried its load, at various speeds, at one time attaining 32 miles an hour rate. Nothing could be found that would cause the least sign of stop in any of the roads about the city, and if our people think they have bad roads here, they ought to visit Mishawaka, for theirs are worse than ours.

The committee did not go to Mishawaka to buy a motor fire truck. They went for the purpose of ascertaining the efficiency of such a piece of apparatus, with the view of being informed as to its practicability, should it be deemed advisable at some time to change our old volunteer fire department into an up-to-date service that modern needs demand. The committee is convinced that the motor truck they saw will do the business. They also are loud in praise of the hospitality and generosity of Chief Busse and his efficient corps of fire fighters.

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WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME. If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.



Quality Considered it is the Cheapest in the end to buy.

If you want a sewing machine, write for our latest catalogue before you purchase.

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